## Affordable differential pressure sensor for testing filter performance.

The filter effectiveness is guaranteed by measuring the differential pressure across the filter element (an indication of how much the filter element is soiled). The sensor has a compact design with mounting bracket and sensor socket combined in one.





- · Pressure drops (loss in energy) kept at a minimum
- Filter elements are being exchanged according to the differential pressure specifications of the manufacturer and not by a measure of time (activated carbon filter excluded). This ensures maximum performance of the filter element at all times.



Typical operation of the differential pressure sensor: Connection with two PE hoses before and after the filter element.

Technical data:		
Meas. range	0 1.6 bar differential pressure	
Max. system pressure	10 bar	
Max. overload capability two-way	15 bar	
Max. overload capability one-way + page - page	15 bar 10 bar	
Bursting pressure	60 bar	
Total error	2.0 % of full scale	
Output	4 20 mA two-wire	
Power supply	DC 10 30 Vat output 4 20 mA	
Operating temperature ambient	-20 +80 °C	
Process connections	2× G 1/8 inner thread including plug-in coupling for 6-mm hose	
Electrical connection	Round plug M12 × 1	

Description	
Differential Pressure Sensor 1.6 bar diff	0694 3561
Connection cable for sensors 5 m with open ends	
Connection cable for sensors 10 m with open ends	
Connection cable for pressure, temperature or external sensors on mobile instruments, ODU / open ends, 5 m	
Connection cable for pressure, temperature, or external sensors on mobile instruments, ODU / open ends, 10 m	

The longer a filter element is in use the dirtier it gets, hence, increasing the differential pressure. This has a direct impact on its performance and the energy loss – see diagram below.





